

Letter No. 2896-2907—W., dated the 19th March 1915, from the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, to all Chambers of Commerce.

In continuation of the letter in this Department No. 460-471—W., dated the 15th January 1915, I am directed to forward herewith for the information of your Chamber, and for communication to its Members, the following revised lists showing articles the export of which is prohibited or restricted from:

(1) the United Kingdom; (A)

(2) India, (B), and

(3) Norway, Sweden, Denmark, the Netherlands, Italy, France, Switzerland, Greece and Roumania.

Copy

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Officiating Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments.

A

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH FROM THE
UNITED KINGDOM IS PROHIBITED AS UNDER.

(A) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all destinations:—

Aeroplanes, airships, balloons and aircraft, of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories and articles recognizable as intended for use in connection with aeroplanes, airships, balloons and aircraft, including:—gold beaters' skin; shantung silk in the piece; flax, fabric suitable for aeroplanes; non-inflammable "cel luloid" sheet (or similar transparent material nonsoluble in lubricating oil, petrol or water); aeroplane dope; high tensile steel tubes; aeroplane instruments (aneroids, barographs, revolution indicators); aeroplane turnbuckles; steel stampings; magnetos; aeroplane engines and parts; fusel oil (amyl alcohol); amyl acetate; aceto-celluloses; trephenyl phosphate.

Animals, pack saddle and draught, suitable for use in war.

Cannon and other ordnance and machine guns, and parts thereof.

Carbons, suitable for searchlights.

Carriages and mountings for cannon and other ordnance and for machine guns and parts thereof.

Cartridges, charges of all kinds, and their component parts.

Chemicals, drugs, dyes and dye stuffs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, and tanning extracts, namely:—

Acetone.

Acetyl salicylic acid (aspirin).

Ammonium nitrate, perchlorate and sulphocyanide.

Antipyrine (phenazone).

Anti-tetanus serum.

Barium chloride.

Belladonna and its preparations and alkaloids.

Calcium acetate, and all other metallic acetates.

Calcium nitrate.

Cantharides and its preparations.

Carbolic acid.

Chloral and its preparations, including chloramid.

Coal tar distillation products; namely, benzol and cresol and the fractions of the distillation products of coal tar between benzol and cresol.

Coal tar products for use in dye manufacture, including aniline oil and aniline salt.

Collodion.

Cresol, all preparations of (including cresylic acid) and nitro-cresol (except saponified cresol).

Cyanamide.

Diethylbarbituric acid (veronal) and veronal sodium.

Dimethylamine.

Dyes and dyestuffs manufactured from coal tar products.

Emetin and its salts.

Ergot of rye, not including liquid extract or other medicinal preparations of ergot.

Eucaine hydrochlor.	Compound cakes and meal.
Gentain and its preparations.	Cottonseed cake, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal.
Henbane and its preparations.	Fishmeal and concentrated fish.
Hydroquinone.	Gluten meal or gluten feed.
Indigo, natural.	Groundnut cake and meal.
Ipecacuanha root.	Husk meal.
Methylaniline.	Linseed cake and meal.
Neo-salvarsan.	Locust bean meal.
Nitric acid.	Maize germ meal.
Nitrotoluol.	Maize meal.
Novocain.	Meat meal.
Opium and its preparations and alkaloids.	Balmnut cake and meal.
Paraffin, liquid medicinal.	Rapo seed cake and meal.
Paraformaldehyde and trioxymethylene.	Soya bean cake and meal.
"Peptone Witte."	Dari.
Peroxide of manganese.	Hay.
Phenacetin.	Hempseed.
Picric acid and its components.	Lentils.
Potash salts, namely :—	Maize.
Chlorate.	Malt dust, culms, sprouts or combings.
Cyanide.	Millet.
Nitrate (saltpetre).	Offals of corn and grain, including :—
Pernianganate.	Bran and Pollard.
Protargol, not including silver proteinate.	Mill dust and screenings of all kinds.
Saccharin (including "saxin").	Rice meal (or bran) and dust.
Salicylic acid and salicylate of soda.	Sharps and middlings.
Salol.	Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.
Salvarsan.	Peas (except split, tinned and bottled peas, packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles).
Santonin and its preparation.	Straw.
Sodium chlorate and perchlorate.	Glass for optical instruments.
Sulphonal.	Grindery, the following articles of, used in the making of boots and shoes :—
Sulphur.	Brass rivets, for use by hand or machines.
Sulphuric acid.	Cutlan studs, for use by hand or machines.
Tanning, extracts for use in the following :—	Heel attaching pins, for use by hand or machines.
Chestnut extract.	Lasting tacks or rivets, for use by hand or machines.
Oakwood extract.	Steel bills, for use by hand or machine.
Thorim Nitrate.	Heel tips.
Thymol and its preparations.	Hoel tip nails.
Trional.	Hobnails of all descriptions.
Valonia.	Protector studs.
Compasses, other than ships' compasses.	Screwing wire.
Cotton waste of all descriptions.	Harness and saddlery which can be used for military purposes.
Explosives of all kinds.	Heliographs.
Field glasses and telescopes.	Hemp, other than Manilla hemp.
Firearms, rifled, of all kinds, and their component parts.	Hides of cattle, buffaloes and horses and calfskins.
Flax, raw.	Hosiery Needles.
Forage and food for animals, namely :—	Khaki woollen cloth.
Beans (not including haricot beans).	
Brewers' and Distillers' grains.	
Brewers' dried yeast.	
Buckwheat.	
Cakes and meals, the following namely :—	
Biscuit meal.	
Calf meal.	
Cocoanut or poonac cake.	

Leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots or military clothing.
Meat, namely, beef and mutton, fresh or refrigerated.
Periscopes.
Projectiles of all kinds and their component parts.
Range finders and parts thereof.
Silk cloth, silk braid, silk thread, suitable for cartridges.

Silk noils.
Spirits of a strength of not less than 43 degrees above proof.
Swords, bayonets and other arms (not being firearms) and parts thereof.
Wood, namely :—
Ash.
Ash three-ply wood ;
Spruce.
Walnut wood.

(B) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all destinations abroad other than British possessions and Protectorates :—

Accoutrements, namely, web equipment, leather belts, leather bandoliers, leather pouches, other leather articles of personal equipment manufactured for military purposes.
Blankets, coloured, exceeding 3½ lbs. in weight known as "Woollen" blankets.
Boots, heavy for men.
Camp equipment, articles of, including tents and their component parts, ovens, camp kettles, buckets, lanterns and horse rugs.
Carts, two wheeled, capable of carrying 15 cwt. or over, and their distinctive component parts.
Chemicals, drugs, medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations :—
Acetanilide.
Aconite and its preparations and alkaloids.
Alcohol, methylie.
Alumina and salts of Aluminium.
Ammonia, liquified.
Antimony, sulphides and oxides of.
Benzoic acid (synthetic) and Benzoates.
Bromine and alkaline bromides.
Coca and its preparations and alkaloids.
Copper, suboxide of.
Copper sulphate.
Cresol (saponified).
Formic aldehyde.
Fulminate of mercury.
Glycerine, crude and refined.
Hexamethylene tetramin (urotropin) and its preparations.
Hydrobromic acid.
Potash, caustic.
Potash salts, namely :—
Bicarbonate.
Bichromate.
Carbonate.
Chloride.
Chrome alum.

Metabisulphite.
Prussiate.
Sulphate (including kainit).
Sodium nitrate.
Tartaric acid and alkaline tartrates.
Zinc sulphate.
Coal sacks.
Draw plates, jewelled, for drawing steel wire.
Ferro alloys, including :—
Ferro-chrome.
Ferro-manganese.
Ferro-molybdenum.
Ferro-nickel.
Ferro-titanium.
Ferro-tungsten.
Ferro-vanadium.
Spiegeleisen.
Ferro-silicon.
Graphite, including foundry (moulding) plumbago and plumbago for lubricating.
Hemp, the following manufactures of :—
Cloth.
Cordage and twine not including cordage or twine of manilla hemp or reaper or binder twine.
Horse shoes.
Jute, raw.
Metals and ores, the following, viz :—
Alumium and alloys of aluminium.
Antimony and alloys of antimony.
Bauxite.
Chrome ore.
Cobalt.
Copper unwrought and part wrought, all kinds, including alloys of copper (such as brass, gun metal, naval brass and delta metal, phosphor copper and phosphor bronze), copper and brass sheets, circles, slabs, bars, pipes, ingots, scrap, rods, plates, solid drawn tubes, condenser plates, copper wire, brass wire, bronze wire, solder containing copper.

Lead, pig, sheet or pipe (including solder containing lead).	Cheese.
Lead ore.	Eggs and shells.
Manganese and manganese ore.	Lard and imitation lard.
Mercury.	Margarine.
Molybdenum and Molybdenite.	Sugar, refined and candy.
Nickel and Nickel ore.	Sugar, unrefined.
Scheelite.	Wheat, wheat flour, and wheat meal.
Selenium.	Rope (steel wire) and hawsers.
Tungsten.	Rubber (including raw waste and reclaimed rubber) and goods made wholly of rubber, including tyres for motor-vehicles and for cycles together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.
Vanadium.	Search-lights.
Wolframite.	Sheepskins, tanned.
Zinc and zinc ore (including zinc ashes, spelter, spelter dross, and zinc sheets).	Sheepskins, woolled, i.e., with the wool left on.
Mica (including mica splittings and micaite).	Signalling lamps of all kinds capable of being used for signalling Morse or other code.
Mineral jellies.	Submarine Sound signalling apparatus.
Mines and parts thereof.	Surgical bandages and dressing (including butter cloth).
Oil, blast furnace (except creosote and creosote oil).	Telephone sets and parts thereof, field service telegraph and telephone cable.
Oil fuel, shale.	Torpedo nets.
Oil, mineral lubricating (including mineral lubricating grease and lubricating oil composed of mineral and other oils).	Torpedo tubes.
Oils, all vegetable (other than linseed oil, boiled and unboiled, unmixed with other oil and not including essential oils).	Torpedoes and parts thereof.
Oil, Whale, namely train, blubber, sperin or head matter, and seal oil, shark oil, and Japan fish oil.	Turpentine (oil and spirit).
Oleaginous nuts, seeds and products, the following namely:—	Vessels, boats and craft of all kinds (including floating docks) and their distinctive component parts.
Castor beans.	Waggons, four wheeled, capable of carrying 1 ton and over and their distinctive component parts.
Cocoanuts.	Uniform clothing and military equipment.
Copra.	Wire, barbed, and galvanised wire, and implements for fixing and cutting the same (but not including galvanised wire netting).
Cotton seed.	Wire, steel, of all kinds.
Groundnuts (Arachides).	Wool, raw (sheep and lambs).
Linseed.	Wool tops.
Palm kernels.	Wool noils.
Rape seed.	Wool waste.
Sesame seed.	Woollen rags, applicable to other uses than manure, pulled or not.
Soya Beans.	Woollen and worsted cloth suitable for uniform clothing, not including women's stuffs or cloth with pattern.
Oleo oil, Premier jus and animal tallow.	Woollen and worsted yarns.
Petroleum, fuel oil (including turpentine substitute and parafin oil).	Woollen jerseys, Cardigan jackets, woollen gloves, woollen socks, and men's woollen underwear of all kinds.
Petroleum, gas oil.	
Petroleum spirit and motor spirit (including Shell spirit).	
Pigskins, dressed or undressed.	
Portable forges.	
Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, namely:—	
Animals, living, for food.	
Barley and oats, including barley meal and pearl barley and oat meal.	
Butter.	

(C) That the exportation of the following goods be prohibited to all Foreign ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of France, Russia (except Baltic ports), Belgium, Spain and Portugal:—

Armour plates, armour quality castings, and similar protective material.
Asbestos.
Bags and sacks of all kinds (not including paper bags).
Bicycles, and their distinctive component parts.
Bladders, casings, and sausage skins.
Camphor.
Chemical, drugs, etc.
Bismuth and its salts.
Iodine and its preparations and compounds.
Mercury, salts and preparations of.
Nux vomica, and its alkaloids and preparations.
Chronometers and all kinds of nautical instruments.
Compasses for ships, and parts thereof, including fittings such as binnacles.
Fire arms, unrifled, for sporting purposes.
Flaxen canvas, namely:—
Hammock canvas.
Kitbag canvas.
Merchant Navy canvas.
Royal Navy canvas.
Tent canvas.
Goat skins undressed.
Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land and sea, namely, plant for cordite and ammunition factories, *viz*:—
Cordite presses.
Dies for cartridge cases.
Gauges for shells or cartridges.
Incorporators.
Lapping machines.
Rifling machines.
Wire-winding machines.
India rubber, sheet vulcanised.
Intrenching tools and intrenching implements, namely—pick-axes and grubbers, whether of combination pattern or otherwise; spades and shovels of

all descriptions; helves and handles for pick-axes, grubbers, spades and shovels; and machinery for trenching and ditching.

Jute yarns.
Jute piece goods.
Linen close canvas.
Linen duck cloth.
Mahogany.
Mess tins, and water bottles for military use.

Metals and ores, the following, *viz*:—
Copper ore.
Iron ore.
Iron, haematite pig.
Iron pyrites.

Motor vehicles of all kinds, including motor bicycles, and their distinctive component parts and accessories.

Packings, engine and boiler (including slagwool).

Provisions and victuals which may be used food for man, namely:—
Cocoa, raw and powder.
Herrings, cured or salted, in barrels or caskets, including dry salted herrings and herrings in brine.
Tinned meats and extract of meat.

Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock.

Rosin.
Seeds, clover, and grass.

Shipbuilding materials, namely:—
Boiler tubes.
Condenser Tubes.
Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships.
Iron and steel plates and sectional materials for shipbuilding.

Marine engines, and parts thereof.
Ships' auxiliary machinery.
Sounding machines and gear.
Telegraphs, wireless telegraphs and telephones, material for.

(D) That the export of the following articles be prohibited to ports in Denmark, the Netherland and Sweden.

Tin plates; including tin boxes and tin canisters for food packing.

B

The export from British India of the articles specified in column I below is prohibited subject to the exceptions specified in column II.

Provided that these prohibitions do not apply to—

- (i) Goods shipped by or for the use of the Crown;
- (ii) Goods shipped to any Indian port;
- (iii) Goods required for use or consumption in—
 - (a) French or Portuguese possessions in India;
 - (b) Native States in India;
 - (c) Ceylon; or
 - (d) The Straits Settlements;
- (iv) Goods shipped for use or consumption during voyage.

Column I. Prohibited goods	Column II. Exceptions
Ammunition and explosives, and the materials used in their manufacture.	Except 'Saltpetre' to the United Kingdom.
Arms, guns and gun mountings of all descriptions with their component parts.	
Accoutrements.	
Armour plates.	
Balloons, kites, air-ships and aeroplanes, including parts thereof.	
Benzine and petrol	Except to the United Kingdom or to a British possession.
Bullocks	Except exports by land.
Camels	Except exports by land.
Coal, Welsh	Except in quantities sufficient for bunker requirements.
Chrome, iron ore (chromite)	Except to the United Kingdom.
Entrenching tools.	
Fuses and detonators.	
Heliographs, signal flags, and naval and military signalling apparatus of all descriptions, including wireless telegraphy apparatus.	
Horses	Except exports by land.
Leather (hides tanned—buffalo and cow)	Except to the United Kingdom.
Lead, pig	Except to the United Kingdom.
Manganese and Wolfram	Except to the United Kingdom and France.
Marine boilers and engines, including any parts thereof.	
Materials used in ship construction	Except 'Teak' to the United Kingdom.
Medical and surgical stores and equipment of every description, other than (1) nux vomica, (2) castor seed, mustard seed, linseed and oils extracted therefrom.	Except exports by land and exports of Cinchona Bark and Senna to the United Kingdom.
Mining cables.	
Mules	Except exports by land.
Naval and military stores of every description, including tents, uniform, boots, shoes, harness and other equipment.	

Column I. Prohibited goods	Column II. Exceptions
Paraffin wax	Except to the United Kingdom and British Possessions.
Railway material and material for telegraphs and telephones, barbed wire and implements for fixing and cutting the same.	Except 'Teak' to the United Kingdom.
Range-finders.	
Rubber, raw or manufactured	Except to the United Kingdom or to a British possession.
Slaughter cattle	Except exports by land.
Searchlight apparatus	
Sheep and goats	Except exports by land.
Submarine mines and torpedoes	
Torpedo net defence and parts thereof	
Veterinary instruments and appliances	
Veterinary medicines	
Wool, raw	

The export of the following articles from British India has been restricted as indicated :—

Hides and skins, raw	Export is prohibited to all ports in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas other than those of the United Kingdom, Russia (except the Baltic ports), France, Spain, and Portugal.
Jute, raw and manufactured	Export to be prohibited with effect from 1st April except on Government account.
Wheat	
<i>Forage and food for animals, namely :—</i>	

Beans (not including haricot beans)	
Brewers' and distillers' grains	
Brewers' dried yeast	
Buckwheat	
Cakes and meals, the following, namely—	
Biscuit meal	
Calf meal	
Coconut or copra cake	
Compound cakes and meal	
Cottonseed cake, decorticated and undecorticated, and cottonseed meal	Export is prohibited to all parts in Europe and on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, other than those of the United Kingdom, Russia (except the Baltic ports), Belgium, France, Spain and Portugal.
Fishmeal and concentrated fish	
Gluten meal or gluten food	
Groundnut cake and meal	
Husk meal	
Linseed cake and meal	
Locust bean meal	
Mahua or Mhowara cake	
Maize germ meal	
Maize meal	
Meat meal	
Niger cake	
Peanut cake and meal	
Poppyseed cake	

Column I. Prohibited goods		Column II. Exceptions	
Rapeseed cake and meal	
Safflower cake	
Sesamum cake	
Soya bean cake and meal	
Dari	
Hay	
Hempseed	
Lentils	
Maize	
Malt dust, cubans, sprouts or combings	
Millet	
Offals of corn and grain, including:—			
Bran and Pollard	
Mill dust and screenings of all kinds	
Rice meal (or bran) and dust	
Sharps and middlings	
Patent and proprietary cattle foods of all kinds.			
Peas (except split, tinned and bottled peas, packed in cardboard boxes and similar receptacles).			
Straw	
Oils, all vegetable (other than linseed oil, boiled and unboiled, unmixed with other oil, and not including essential oils).			
<i>Oleaginous, nuts, seeds and products, the following, namely:—</i>			
Castor beans	
Cocoanuts	
Copra	
Cottonseed	
Groundnuts (Archides)	
Linseed	
Mahna or Mhowra seed	
Niger seed	
Palm kernels	
Poppy seed	
Rape seed	
Safflower seed	
Sesame seed	
Soya beans	

NORWAY.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

January 29, 1915.

Aluminium, unworked (except that produced in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin), scrap aluminium, and aluminium worked up into plates, bands, tubes, rods, rings, wire, and castings.	Balata, crude, and partly worked products thereof.
Ammunition.	Barded wire.
Aniline.	Batteries (dry) for electric pocket lamps.
Arms and parts of arms.	Benzol.
Aspen timber.	Bottles, empty.
	Brass bars, rolled or forged, not further worked.
	Brass materials, cup-shaped, for use in the manufacture of cartridges.

Brass wire, rolled or drawn.	Jute sacking (except sacking used in packing other goods destined for export).
Caps (dynamite percussion caps).	Lead.
Carbons for search-lights and for arc-lights.	Leather and products thereof.
Cattle.	Lysol. (See Cresol).
Coal and coke.	Machines intended for the manufacture of ammunition.
Copper alloys, refuse of.	Medicines included in Schedules A and B of the Law of 29th August 1908.†
Copper or brassbars, rolled or forged, not further worked.	Mineral oils.
Copper or brass materials, cup-shaped, for use in the manufacture of cartridges.	Motors, of more than 15 horse-power, with more than 800 revolutions per minute, and weighing less than 25 kilogs. per horse-power; also motor boats fitted with such motors.
Copper or brass wire, rolled or drawn.	Motor boats. (See preceding heading.)
Copper plates, rolled or pressed, at least 3 millim. in thickness.	Motor cars, and tyres therefor.
Copper, unworked (except that produced in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin).	Naphthol, naphthylamines, naphthylaminesulphonic acids, etc.
Cresol and cresol preparations, including creolin and lysol.	Nickel ore.
Dyes made from tar and organic bye-products for producing tar-dyes (such as aniline, naphthol, naphthylamines, naphthylaminesulphonic acids, benzol, cresol and cresol preparations, including creolin and lysol, salicylic acid, etc.).	Nickel, unworked (except that produced in Norway and accompanied by a certificate of origin).
Dynamite percussion caps.	Peat.
Field-glasses.	Percussion caps (dynamite percussion caps).
*Foodstuffs (except fish and fish products, condensed milk, butter; cheese, berries, game, poultry, eggs, coffee, tea, spices, margarine and raw materials for the production of margarine, such as oleo, stock, lard, arachides, cotton, (sic) and coco).	Pigs.
*Forage, including meal of herrings, of whale meat, and of liver, but not including whale and fish manure.	Reindeer.
Goats.	Rubber, crude (gummi elasticum), and partly worked products thereof.
Gold, minted or unminted. (Gold worked up into jewellery or articles of use may be exported.)	Rubber waste.
Gutta-percha, crude, and partly worked products thereof.	Sacks, empty.‡
Hides and skins and their products.	Salicylic acid.
Horses (living).	Sheep.
Horse shoes.	Silver, minted or unminted. (Silver worked up into jewellery or articles of use may be exported.)
Jute, raw.	Skins and their products.
Jute products and jute waste.	Skis and ski-sledges.
	Sulphur and flowers of sulphur.
	Tanning material.
	Tinplates (including decorated tin, parts of tinplates, worked tin, and ready-made tin packing).
	Tyres for motor cars and for cycles.
	Wire, barbed.
	Wool and woollen goods (including all sorts of woollen waste).

NOTES.

(1) All articles required for a ship about to undertake a voyage may be exported for the use of the ship in spite of the prohibition.

* The terms "foodstuffs" and "forage" include everything used for nourishing men or animals.

† The Board of Trade and the Committee for the Restriction of the Enemy's Supplies have copies of this law.

‡ Permission to export is granted when the sacks have entered Norway containing goods and are proved to belong to the exporters of such goods and also when the sacks are urgently required by foreign firms who are shipping goods to Norway.

(2) As regards transit, all the above goods coming to Norway consigned to a foreign destination can be re-exported without special permission. Such foreign goods consigned to a place in Norway cannot, on the other hand, be re-exported without permission, even if they were intended for re-export.

(3) The Norwegian Government reserve to themselves the right to grant, in exceptional cases, permission to export any of the prohibited articles.

SWEDEN.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

2nd February 1915.

Acetyl salicylic acid.	Cereals, ground (flour and groats of oats, wheat, barley, maize, rye, and other cereals; including flour and groats of arrowroot and other vegetables not specified elsewhere).
Aloes.	Chloroform.
Ammunition. (See Gunpowder.)	Cinchona bark.
Antifebrine.	Citric acid.
Arecoline and its salts.	Coal (anthracite, gas-, coke-, steam, and other coal); peat; coke; wood; charcoal; briquettes (of coal or peat); other fuel not specially mentioned (not including unmanufactured retort carbon).
Arms. (See Weapons.)	Cocaine chloride.
Articles of sheet iron. (See iron sheets.)	Codeine. (See Morphine.)
Atropine and its salts.	Copper, unmanufactured, or in the rough, produced electrolytically; scrap copper.
Balata, unworked.	Copper and brass cup-shaped materials for making cartridges. (<i>The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.</i>)
Bandaging articles, with the exception of cellulose wadding, bandage gauze, sharpie, and preparations thereof.	Copper and brass rods (even in bundles or rings), rolled or hammered, but not further worked.
Beans. (See Cereals, unground.)	Copper and brass wire, drawn.
Bismuth salts.	Copper sheets and bands, at least 3 mm. thick rolled or pressed, even with cut edges—rectangular or other kinds.
Blankets (woollen), in the piece or made up.	Cresol and metacresol. (See Carbolic acid.)
Boots (men's boots of greased leather).	Crucibles of graphite composition.
Bougies.	Diethylmalonylcarbonide and its salts.
Bran (of oats, wheat, maize, rice, rye, and other kinds).	Digitalis leaves and senna leaves.
*Brass cup-shaped materials for making cartridges. (<i>The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.</i>)	Explosives. (See Gunpowder.)
Brass rods (even in bundles or rings), rolled or hammered, but not further worked.	Fats:—Animal fats not elsewhere included, such as spermaceti, blubber of marine animals, bona-fat; wool-fat, also lanoline; degras (tanners' fat).
Brass wire, drawn.	Fats:—Vegetable fats, such as palm oil, palmnut oil, cocoa-nut oil, cocoa butter, Japan wax and other vegetable-fatty substances, which under ordinary temperature do not as a rule assume a liquid form.
Bread, not specially mentioned (including dog biscuits).	
Bromine salts (alkaline).	
Caffeine.	
Camphor, refined.	
Carbolic acid, cresol and metacresol.	
*Carriages and vehicles without motors, for carrying goods; carriages and vehicles with motors, for carrying passengers or goods. (<i>The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.</i>)	
Cartridges, etc. (See Gunpowder.)	
Catgut.	
Cereals, unground (rye, wheat, barley, oats, vetches, peas and beans, malt (even if crushed), maize), other cereals, unground.	

Feeding-stuffs (cattle foods) not specially mentioned such as brewers' grains and wash gluten food, meal of maize cakes and other oil cakes and maize germ meal, even if with admixture of animal substances.

Ferromanganese

Firearms. (See Weapons.)

Flax, hulled or not; flax waste; flax tow.

Flour. (See Cereals, ground.)

Fuel (other fuels not specially mentioned).

Furriers' goods (of dogs, reindeer, wolves, or common sheep, etc., not dressed, dressed, loose, dressed skins, sewn together, and partly manufactured articles, such as linings; finished articles having fur for their covering or lining, such as caps, muffs, boas, fur coats, cloaks, and carriage capes).

Gloves. (See Woollen goods.)

*Glycerine, raw or purified. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)

†Gold and silver coin and ingots

Grease (engine and cart grease)

Groats of cereals. (See Cereals, ground.)

Groats, not specially mentioned (sago and other groats)

*Gunpowder, common, gun cotton smokeless powder, dynamite and other explosives not specially mentioned, detonating caps (ignition caps, igniting material not specially mentioned, for projectiles and guns, such as percussion and precipitation fuses, time fuses, double fuses, detonators and primers, cartridges not specially mentioned (loaded or not); safety fuse and blasting fuse. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)

Gutta-percha, unworked

Hay.

Hemp, hulled or not; hemp waste; hemp tow.

Hexamethyltetramine

*Hides and skins which cannot be classed as furriers' goods, not dressed, viz., cattle hides, fresh or salted, not cleaned weighing more than 14 kilogs. each, and all cattle hides, fresh or salted, cleaned or divided; cattle hides dry or lined, not cleaned, weighing more than 3 kilogs. each, and all cattle hides, dry or lined, cleaned or divided.

Hides and skins, which cannot be classed as furriers' goods, dressed and partly dressed, etc., sole and insole leather, and warms and hippopotamus hides [oend leather, cleaned; leather for machine beltings whole and half hides and pieces thereof], and other kinds weighing at least 1 kilog. net per article.

Horses (including foals, stallions, etc.).

Hydrogen peroxide of

Iodine, potassium iodide and sodium iodide.

Iodoform.

Ipecacuanha root, rhizoma veratri (white hellebore root), and senega root.

Iron plates or sheets, cut or uncut, coated with pure tin or with tin containing lead.

Iron sheets or plates; articles of, not specially mentioned in the Tariff—other kinds (i.e., other than gut, silvered, enamelled, coated with nickel, copper, brass, or bronze, or lacquered), weighing less than 1 kilog. net per article other than parts of machines

Jerseys. (See Woollen goods.)

Jute and jute waste

Jute tissues, without admixture of any other textile (including sacking and pack cloth).

Jute yarn, without admixture of any other textile, of any diameter.

Lead, manufactured sheets, pipes and parts of pipes, wire and mesh, also rods, and lead wool.

*Lead shot and bullets. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)

*Lead unmanufactured, or scrap. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13.*)

Leather and skin; pieces, stamped or cut out, but not further manufactured, not specially mentioned. Of sole or insole leather, backs of horse hides and parts thereof; other kinds (lacquered or bronzed gold and silver) leather, and other kinds, including also bands, etc. if pieced together; (uppers for boots, other kinds).

Leather manufactures (See Boots and Saddlers' goods.)

Lysol (cresol soap solution)

Macaroni

Malt, even if crushed.

Mercury and salts thereof

Mineral oils. (See Oils.)

[†] Travellers may take with them 200 k. in gold and silver coin.

[‡] It is understood that the prohibition also applies to undressed hides of goats, sheep, and lambs, but not to horsehides.

Morphine and other products of opium, such as codeine, etc.	Rice, unhusked, or with the outer husk only removed.
Motorcar (See Carriages)	Rice, ground groats and flour).
*Motor cycles, finished and parts thereof, not specially mentioned (<i>The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See note on p. 13</i>)	Rubber, raw, also so-called reclaimed rubber.
Nickel, or an fractured or crude	Rubber articles for medical or hygienic use
Oakum	Rubber, manufacturers of soft Tyres, solid, even if in lengths, and tubes, motor car tyres and parts thereof, of soft rubber alone or in combination with other materials.
Oil cake (cotton seed cakes, sunflower seed cakes, earthnut cakes, linseed cakes, rape and turnip seed cakes, soya-bean cakes, sunflower seed cakes, others) cakes made of maize flour pressed together, acorns, ground or not, also parades or ear nuts	Seeds jute twine, used or new including so-called drooping angles.
Oils. Animal oils (such as train oil, sperm-oil, lard oil, and other kinds)	Saddles goods even if of textile materials and other manufactures, not specially mentioned, of leather or skin, even if in combination with other materials such as harness, saddles, rope whips, razor strops, etc., a so riding and fencing, gloves, whatever is the nature of the material.
Oils. Lubricating oils consisting of a mixture of fatty oil and mineral oil, provided the latter is the chief component, also other lubricating substance not specially mentioned containing fat or oil	Sa. cyanide and salicylic acid salts.
Oils. Mineral oils, native or crude (petroleum waste (massut) and other kinds), mineral oils purified, illuminating oils, lubricating oils, light or dark petroleum, benzine, gasoline and other kinds) paraffin, crude or purified, mineral wax (crockery) ceteine, etc.	Salt common (chloride of sodium), rock salt in pieces or ground, marine salt, saline salt (so-called dairy salt) and table salt.
Oil. Vegetable fatty oils (linseed oil, raw or boiled also linseed oil acid, turnip and rape-seed oil and turnip and rape-seed oil acids, olive oil, earthnut or arachides oil, sesame oil and cotton seed oil in other kinds of oil, not falling under any other heading in the Tariff, such as castor oil, hemp oil, linseed oil, and soya-bean oil.	Salvarsan and neo-salvarsan.
Opium, opium tincture, and other preparations of opium for medicinal purposes (See also Morphine.)	Serums and vaccines.
Paraformaldehyde	Silk for surgical use
Pease (See Cereals, unground)	*Silver and gold coin and ingots
Peroxide of hydrogen.	Skins (See Hides)
Petrol and petroleum. (See Oils, mineral)	Ski staves of cane
Phenacetine.	Skins and ski staves of wood.
Physostigmin	Soap cresol soap solution (lysol)
Potassium iodide	Sodium iodide.
Potatoes (even cut and dried).	Spegeleisen.
Potato starch	Stockings. (See Woollen goods)
Quicksilver (See Mercury.)	Straw
Quinine and its salts.	Sublimate pastilles
Rags.	Sulphur spirit.
	Swing needles.
	Tannic acid.
	Tanning materials, vegetable such as oakbark, myrobalans, and quebracho wood, whole or in pieces, grated, ground, or otherwise treated, and tanning extracts, liquid or solid, also gall-nuts.
	Tartaric acid (emetic salt)
	Theobromine salicylate of sodium
	Thermometers (clinical)
	Timber, manufactured, of aspen
	Tinplate and articles thereof (See Iron.)
	Tissues of wool. See Woollen tissues)
	Flax and hemp).
	Tyres (See Rubber)
	Vaseline (even if artificial)
	Vermice.

* Travellers may take with them 300 kr in gold or silver coin

† The following tissues are specially mentioned in the Tariff, and are therefore excepted from the prohibition, viz., press cloth, machine-felt, endless or woven round for factory use, carpets mats and

*War material not specially mentioned, and parts thereof: armour plate, and other kinds, such as cannon, howitzers, and mortars, projectiles, cartridge cases (empty or fitted with ammunition ready for use), gun carriages, lumber carriages and ammunition waggons, torpedoes, and other war materials. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See Note on this page.*)

*Wax. (See Oils, mineral and fats.)

Weapons. For, sabres, cut asses, bayonets, and similar weapons (with or without the scabbards belonging to them), also parts thereof, even gilt, silvered, nickelated, or etched. Fire arms of all kinds including revolvers and pistols, machine guns and battery guns without carriages, also finished parts of such arms. (*The transit of these articles through Sweden is also prohibited. See Note on this page.*)

Wool: Undyed and dyed sheep's wool; artificial wool (sheddy and mungo), undyed and dyed, wool waste, including so-called wool dust (whether undyed or dyed).

Woollen blankets, in the piece, or made up, even if hemmed and bordered.

Woollen goods: Men's woollen gloves, men's woollen stockings, men's jerseys of stocking-loom work, so-called Iceland jerseys, sewn or not, woollen goods, not specially mentioned in the Tariff weighing more than 500 grammes per metre, cut or stamped out, but without other sewing work.

Woollen tissues, of kinds not specially mentioned in the Tariff,* weighing more than 500 grammes per square metre.

Woollen yarns (containing at least 10 per cent of wool).

Yarn of jute, yarns of wool (containing at least 10 per cent of wool)

Rugs, velvet and plush, made-up tissues not specially mentioned [except made-up woollen blankets], double-mounted tissues, not combined with other textile materials unbleached or bleached, weighing 100 grammes or less per square metre; dress cloths weighing 300 grammes or more per square metre containing threads wholly or partly of silk the silk not exceeding 3 per cent of the total weight of tissue.

NOTE.

As a general rule, goods in transit through Sweden will not be detained or interfered with (even if their exportation from Sweden is prohibited) provided that they are accompanied by a bill of lading clearly indicating the ultimate (non-Swedish) destination.

As an exception to this rule, however, the transit through Sweden of arms, ammunition, and other war material is prohibited. The articles to which this prohibition of transit applies are indicated by a cross (*) in the list printed above.

DENMARK.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

February 9th, 1915

Aluminium. (See Materials, raw.)

Ammonia sulphate. (See Manures.)

Ammunition of all kinds, and distinctive component parts, thereof.

Antimony. (See Materials, raw.)

Arms. (See Weapons.)

Artificial manures. (See Manures.)

Bandages, surgical, and dressings (including tarred jute and hygroscopic cotton wool).

Barbed wire

Beans. (See Fodder stuffs.)

Benzine. (Petrol.)

Berries dried.

Bones, raw and calcined, none dust. (See Manures.)

Bran. (See Fodder stuffs.)

Brass plates, brass bars, old brass. (See Materials, raw.)

Bread. (See Flour.)

Cables, electric

Carrots. (See Fodder stuffs.)

Cattle foods. (See Fodder stuffs.)

Cereals.

Chrome ore

Clover seed.

Coal and coke

*Copper all kinds old and new. (See Materials raw.)

Copra.

Corn offals. (See Fodder stuffs.)

Cotton and cotton yarn.

*The term "copper" includes all kinds of copper, also manufactured copper [December 4, 1914].

Cotton waste.	Lamb and sheep skins, prepared and unprepared.
Dressings. (See Bandages.)	Lard.
Drugs of all kinds. (All goods specified in the Decree of 1st August, 1914, concerning goods dealt in by apothecaries.)	Lead of all kinds, old and new. (See Materials, raw.)
Earth salts.	Leather.
Electric cables.	Leather goods not fully worked, including all semi-manufactured leather goods which are merely cut out, stuck or sewn together.
Explosives and gunpowder, as well as raw materials for their manufacture [including sulphur, sulphuric acid, saltpetre (including Chile saltpetre), nitric acid and glycerine].	Lentils. (See Fodder stuffs.)
Fe nochlorine; ferrosilicon.	Linseed.
Flour (including bread of all kinds).	Lubricants including vaseline and glycerine.
Fodder stuffs (including oil cakes, hay, straw, malt-germs, crushed soybean beans, bran, corn offals, carrots, swedes, peas (both cooking and fodder peas), beans, lentils, etc.).	Malt and malt-germs.
Fuel-stuffs (coal, coke, petroleum of all kinds, benzine and other materials for fuel).	Manganese peroxide.
Glycerine. (See Lubricants and Explosives, raw materials for their manufacture.)	Manures, manufactured artificial manures, including superphosphates, blood manure, wood ash, sulphate of ammonia, and raw materials for the manufacture of manure including raw and calcined bones and gas water.
Gold and silver coins, or bars (including foreign coinage of gold and silver), silver in plates and gold in leaves.	Margarine.
Groats.	Materials, raw, for building or repairing iron or steel ships as also for the manufacture of arms or ammunition including all aluminium, antimony, lead of all kinds, old and new, tin and or galvanised iron plates, galvanised iron nails for ships' use, copper of all kinds, old and new, brass plates, brass bars, old brass, nickel, inworked, tin of all kinds, old and new, zinc in blocks or sheets.
Gunpowder. (See Explosives.)	Materials, raw for making powder and explosives [including sulphur, sulphuric acid, saltpetre (including Chile saltpetre), nitric acid, and glycerine].
Hæmatite iron ore, haematite pig iron, iron pyrites.	Meat (including flaked maize, sago rice, and buckwheat meal).
Hay. (See Fodder stuffs.)	Medicinal stores. (See Drugs.)
Hides (raw cattle hides and salted calf-skins of at least 8 kilograms weight).	Mineral oils, etc. (See Fuel-stuffs.)
Hides and skins, prepared (except goat-skins).	Motor spirit. (See Fuel-stuffs.)
Horses, including foals and colts.	Motor tyres.
Instruments and apparatus, designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war or for the manufacture or repair of arms or materials for warfare by land or sea.	Motor vehicles and motor cycles (including their component parts, also tubes and covers).
Iron nails galvanised for ships' use. (See Materials, raw.)	Nickel ore.
Iron ore (haematite, pig iron, haematite, iron pyrites).	Nickel, unworked. (See Materials, raw.)
Iron plates, tinned or galvanised. (See Materials, raw.)	

* All the preparations covered by the expression "mineral oils and motor spirit," distillates of mineral oils, such as petroleum liquid, fuel gas oil, etc., come within the scope of the prohibition [December 4, 1914].

NOTE.—Travellers may carry with them gold and silver coins not exceeding 200 kroner in value.

† This prohibition does not apply to Dutch-produced lard for technical uses (i.e., lard not suitable for human consumption, but used for technical and industrial purposes such as soap making, etc., packed in a special manner and marked "inedible").

‡ Raw and powdered manurial lime are not included within the scope of prohibition.

Nitric acid [See explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].	Stearine, vegetable, for the manufacture of margarine.
O.-cake. (See Fodder stuffs)	Straw. (See Fodder stuffs).
Oils, mineral (See Fuel stuffs)	Sulphate of ammonia. (See Manures.)
Oils and steamines, vegetable, for the manufacture of margarine.	Sulphur [See Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].
Palm kernels.	Sulphuric acid.
Pease (both cooking and fodder pease).	Superphosphates (See Manures.)
Peroxide of manganese.	Swedes (See Fodder stuffs)
Petrol.	Tanning materials.
Petroleum of all kinds.	Tin of all kinds, old and new. (See Materials, raw)
Pig iron (haematite)	Tinned or galvanised iron plates. (See Materials, raw.)
Pigskins	Turpentine oil, rectified and unrectified.
Potatoes (except potatoes accompanied by a certificate issued by the Inspector of Infectious Diseases of Plants appointed by the Ministry of Agriculture)	Tyres motor).
Rags (woollen and half woollen,	Vaseline. (See Lubricants
Raw materials for building or repairing iron or steel ships, or for the manufacture or repair of arms or ammunition (See Materials, raw)	Vegetable oils and steamines for the manufacture of margarine.
Resin rice, meal	Waste cotton (cleaning waste)
Rubber, raw.	Weapons of all kinds (including sporting guns, and distinctive component parts thereof)
Sack cloth of jute	Wire, barbed.
Sacks, empty (cotton and jute).	Wood, in blocks, beams and boards
Saltpetre, including Chile saltpetre. [See Explosives (raw materials for their manufacture)].	Wool (sheep and lambs).
Sesame seed.	Woollen and half woollen rags and shoddy
Shoddy.	Woollen and worsted yarn.
Silver and gold coin* or bullion (including foreign coins*), silver in plates	Woolen goods, woven and knitted, woollen tricotage goods, whatever be the proportion of wool contained therein.
Skins (lamb and sheep skins, prepared or not prepared)	Yarns -woollen and worsted
Soya beans	Zinc, in blocks or sheets. (See Materials, raw)

* Note. Travellers may carry with them gold and silver coins not exceeding 200 kroner in value.

NOTE. As regards goods in transit and trans-shipment goods (in the Copenhagen free port and all other Danish harbours), all such goods, if of a kind prohibited to be exported from Denmark, are covered by the prohibition unless they are on a through bill of lading to a port in foreign non-Danish country.

The prohibition is therefore applicable in cases where the goods are either shipped to a Danish port "to order," or where the goods are re-destined to another port than the one originally mentioned in the bill of lading, unless it is only a question of re-destination to another port in the same country.

NETHERLANDS.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED

January 25th, 1915.

Acetone.	Barbed wire.
Ammmonium sulphate, ammonia super-phosphates. (See Fertilizers.)	Barley and all products derived therefrom.
Ammunition and gunpowder.	Beans. (See Pulse.)
Automobiles and parts thereof and motor cycles	Benzine.
Bandaging articles and materials therefor.	Blankets and blanket material, woollen.
	Bones.
	Bread*

* The Dutch military authorities are empowered to allow the export of certain quantities of bread for supplying the daily requirements of the population in foreign territory in the immediate vicinity of the Dutch frontier, if such population are unable to obtain bread in their own country or can only do so under very onerous circumstances.

Briquettes (except charcoal briquettes).	Lard (See Fat).
Buckwheat and all products derived therefrom.	Lead and its alloys
Butter, not controlled by the State	Leather (i.e., wholly or partly finished manufactures of leather such as men's shoes, harness, saddles, knapsacks, and further articles of equipment, and such raw materials as sole leather, upper leather, harness leather, saddle leather, chrome leather, etc., for military purposes, and not including driving belts and leather for driving belts)
Butter controlled by the State, except under permit.	Linen yarns
Calcium acetate, calcium cyanamide (nitrogen lime) and calcium nitride (lime nitrogen) (See Fertilizers.)	Linseed, linseed-cake, linseed meal.
Cattle, living.	Liquid fuel
Cheese ¹ .	Lubricating oils.
Chile saltpetre (See Fertilizers)	Maize, and products derived therefrom.
Cloth military, and clothing made therefrom	Manure
Coal.	Manures. (See Fertilizers.)
Cocoa beans, raw	Meal of pulse
Copper and alloys thereof.	Meat-meal
Cotton seed (see Oil-seeds), cotton-seed cake, cotton seed meal.	Medicines, bandaging articles and materials for making them, with the exception of the following: theobromine, diuretinum, cinchona bark and products thereof, sulphate of quinine, alkoid compounds of quinine, salts of quinine coca, cocaine, cubeb.
Cotton waste	Military cloth and clothing made therefrom
Cotton yarn and raw cotton	Molasses
Engine oil (See Oil, machine)	Motor cars and parts thereof, including tyres.
Ether	Motor cycles.
Fat - raw, salted, dried and smoked fat of pigs (lard), melted and unmixed fat of pigs and cattle, and mixtures of these fats with each other and with other edible fats. (See also Tallow.)	Nitrate of lime (lime saltpetre); nitrate of sodium (Chile saltpetre). See Fertilizers.
Fertilizers: - Chile salt petre, lime saltpetre (nitrate of lime), lime nitrogen (calcium nitride), nitrogen lime (calcium cyanamide), ammonia sulphate, ammonia superphosphates, guano and other nitrogenous fertilizers and superphosphate.	Nitride of calcium (lime nitrogen). (See Fertilizers.)
Flannel (except cotton flannel) and underwear made therefrom.	Oats and all products derived therefrom.
Flour	Oil, gas.
Force feeding cake, and meal and waste thereof.	Oil, machine and lubricating.
Fuel liquid.	Oil-seeds (except caraway seed, mustard seed and blue poppy seed).
Gas-oil.	Peas. (See Pulse.)
Gold coin and bullion.	Petroleum
Grain waste	Pigs living
Groundnut cake and ground-nut meal.	Potatoes
Guano. (See Fertilizers.)	Poultry, alive or dead.
Gunpowder.	Pulp, dried and sugar pulp
Half-woollen (mixed woollen) goods.	Pulse and pulse-meal
Hay.	Pulse seeds, preparations and preserve of
Hides and skins.	Pyrates.
Hogwash, dried.	
Horses	
Jute, raw, jute cloth and jute yarns	

¹ In practice, cheese is allowed to be exported to a limited extent. Generally speaking, every registered cheese merchant is now allowed to export cheese, provided that his stock available for home [Dutan] consumption is maintained at 80 per cent of the stock held on the day of his original registration.

The prohibition is intended to prevent the exportation of Dutch and foreign pig fat (lard) sold in the form of whole sides or parts of sides, but not to include the exportation of other raw or prepared pork in the shape of slaughtered pigs, salted half pigs, ham, bacon, head sausages, canned pork, etc. The prohibition does not apply to the export of mixtures of pig and cattle fat with oil, not to the export of products of such fats which are used in the manufacture of margarine etc., lardine, artificial fat, compound lard, neutral lard, oleomargarine, premixes etc.

Rags, woollen	Surgical instruments
Rape seed, rape cake, rape-cake meal	Tallow ¹ .
Rice, Rice waste, and meal.	Farming materials and extracts of tan.
Resin	Turpentine
Rye and products derived therefrom	Tyres (as parts of auto mobiles)
Sacks, empty ²	Vaseline
Salt.	Vehicles for horse traction.
Salt-petre, Chile, salt-petre, and (see Fertilizers).	Waste of grain
Sheep fleeces.	Wheat and spelt and all products derived therefrom.
Shoddy, artificial wool.	Wire, barbed.
Sodium nitrate Chile salt-petre (see Fertilizers).	Wool waste
Spelt and all products derived therefrom	Wool, raw and washed.
Straw	Woollen blankets and blanket material.
Sugar and sugar pulp.	Woollen or half woollen goods.
Sugar beets.	Woollen rags
Sulphate of ammonia (see Fertilizers).	Woollen yarns and woollery yarns mixed.
Sulphuric acid.	Yarn - cotton, jute, linen, woollen, and mixed.
Superphosphates (see Fertilizers)	

NOTE.—The Crown reserves to itself the right to grant exceptions in certain cases from the above prohibitions, and a Royal Decree of 28th August authorizes the Netherlands Minister of War to grant in special cases exemptions from my prohibitions to export specified goods issued or to be issued.

¹ Sacks which have been imported into the Netherlands filled and which it is desired to export empty may be so exported after the necessary permission has been obtained. In order to obtain this permission it must be proved that an equal number of sacks of the same sort, filled, was previously imported from the country to which the empty sacks are destined.

² Denatured tallow (tallow unfit for soap-making) is not prohibited.

ITALY.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

10th February 1915

Acetic acid and acetates.	Bran
Acetone.	Brass and bronze.
Acid, salicylic	Lead and ships' biscuits.
Aeroplanes, and parts thereof (see Vehicles).	Cables, steel, of high tensile strength.
Alum, chrome	Calcium carbide, calcium cyanamide.
Alumina.	Carbolic acid
Amphore	Carbonate of sodium.
Antimony.	Carob beans.
Arms. (See Munitions of war.)	Carriages of all kinds. (See Vehicles.)
Asbestos and articles thereof.	Cast iron scrap.
Bacon.	Cattle
Barley	Cereals, not named
Beet-root pulp.	Cheese hard paste. ¹
Benzine, petrol.	Chrome alum.
Benzoic.	Clothing and equipment for troops, as well as prepared hides, cloths, and generally all materials required for the manufacture of such articles. ²
Bone, horn, and other similar materials, raw	

¹ Cheese hard export up to 2,000 tons allowed. September 27.

² A circular of August 8th provided that "this prohibition does not apply to raw hemp, cotton flax, cotton in bencos, raw wool, (see list of raw) wools of all kinds for women's or men's hats, fancy stuffs for men's clothing, silk tissues, velvets, muslins, printed cotton tissues, and such colored cotton tissues as cannot be used for ordinary clothing. On the other hand, bleached or unbleached cotton tissues suitable for the manufacture of men's body linen or bed linen, cloths for military uniforms, tissues for tents, bags, and tissues for making packing, of all kinds, and articles of body linen and knitted wares which can be used for any purposes are prohibited to be exported." It is understood, however, that the export of raw hemp, cotton, and wool has since been prohibited through certain quantities of raw hemp are now allowed to be exported from Naples and Bologna.

Coal	Manganese and manganese ore
Cocoa, the bean	Materials, lubricating
Coffee ¹	Materials, prime for the manufacture of clothing and equipment for troops
Coin	Materials, rubber-lined
Copra and other resins	Material, sanitary in general
Copper ²	Meat
Copper sulphate	Meat fresh (including frozen, and mutton and beef in tins or otherwise prepared)
Cylinders, for compressed gas	Medicines and sanitary material in general
Dr. gribes and spare parts thereof (See Vehicles.)	Medical instruments and articles
Donkeys.	Mules
Edible pastes such as macaroni and vermicelli	Munitions of war, namely guns, rifles, carbines, revolvers, pistols, swords and other arms, fire arms or side-arms, of all kinds munitions of war, military equipment of every sort, and in general, everything which, without further manipulation, can be of immediate use for military or naval armaments
Eggs	Nickel and its alloys.
Equipment and clothing for troops, as well as prepared hides, cloths, and, generally, all materials required for the manufacture of such articles. ³	Nitrate of potassium or trate of sodium.
Ferns.	Nitric acid.
Flour and meal	Oats.
Glycerine	Oil and seed cakes.
Gold (bullion) and com.	Oil cakes from nuts and other materials.
Gutta-percha (raw)	Pastes edible such as vermicelli and macaroni
Hemp, te and other iron.	Petrol
Hay.	Petroleum
Hides, prepared. (See clothing and equipment for troops.)	Picric acid
Hides and skins, raw (but excluding goat and lamb skins, whether raw or tanned for glove making)	Pigeons, live
Horn, bone and other similar materials, raw	Potatoes
Horses	Potassium, nitrate.
India rubber (raw)	Pulse
Iron and steel plates coated with tin or zinc	Pyrites.
Iron (haematite and other) including iron in casts	Bags, woolen
Iron (scrap)	Railways, portable (including both rails and cars)
Iron metallic alloys ⁴	Resins, copophany and other
Iron pyrites	Rice. ⁵
Jute (raw) ⁶	Rubber (raw India rubber)
Lard	Rubber lined materials.
Lead.	Rye
Lubricating materials	
Machiné tools	
Maize	

¹ The exportation of coffee lying in free deposit has been authorised up to 15 per cent of the amounts now stored, and to 50 per cent of any future quantities deposited. (October 23.)

² Under this head the export of single or double conducting cords, for telegraph and telephone installations is prohibited, but not that of electric cables and wires which can be used only for domestic internal installations for illumination or heating. (Circular of August 8.)

³ Metallic iron alloys include, according to Italian customs regulations, steel and iron alloys including manganese iron containing more than 30 per cent of manganese, manganese silicon iron containing more than 30 per cent of silicon and manganese together aluminium iron containing more than 10 per cent of aluminium, chrome iron containing more than 10 per cent of chrome, silicon iron containing more than 4 per cent of silicon, tungsten iron. As regards manganese there is doubt as to whether it is included in the prohibition but it probably will be so regarded.

⁴ The prohibition covers raw jute empty bags of ute and tissues of ute for bags and similar articles (see note ⁶ above).

⁵ No further dispensation from the prohibition to export rice can be considered. — (January 5, 1915.)

Sacks and sack cloths (See Note 1 on page 1.)	Plates. (See Iron and steel plates.)
Saltary materials in general.	Turpentine oil <i>acqua da taglio.</i>
Scrap-iron (fragments of iron, cast iron and steel).	Tyres See Vehicles
Seeds	Valonia.
Sleep	Vaseline.
Soup biscuit.	Vegetables dry. (See Pulse.)
Sicon	Vehicles of all kinds, including aeroplanes and dirigibles, as well as separate motors and spare parts belonging to them (including pneumatic tyres), rubber and materials, cylinders for compressed gas, steel cables of high tensile strength, and timber specially adapted for aeronautic construction.
Sodium caustic: sodium nitrate	Weapons (See Munitions of war.)
Steel sprgs.	Wheat.
Steel cables of high tensile strength.	Wool. (See Note 1 on page 1.)
Straw	Wooden, rags and waste.
Sugar (other than sugar-cane products).	Zinc.
Sulphate of copper	
Sulphuric acid, sulphuric anhydride.	
Tar	
Tubber, including timber specially adapted for aeronautic construction).	
Tin.	

Notes. Except as to the above prohibitions may be made by the Minister of Finance with the approval of the President of the Council of Ministers and of the Minister of Agriculture. (See Note 1 on page 1.)

The Committee of Inspection covers re-exported on board warehouse or in discharge of "temporally in session" permits. (Decree of August 6, 1914.)

More than 50% of the exportation of which is prohibited, cannot be re-exported to foreign countries under process of transit, provided it has arrived in an Italian port with bills of lading indicating Italy as the original destination or if there is no such indication of destination.

For ships whose documents provided with bills of lading "to order" not indicating by name a port of destination or those having only bills of lading "to bearer" will be considered as destined for the interior (see of the State, i.e. in Italy). --Decree of November 13, 1914.

FRANCE

LISTE DES PRODUITS FRAPPÉS DE PROHIBITION.

January 10th, 1915

[Decrets du 21 decembre 1914 et 10 janvier 1915.]

Extended to Colonies (except Morocco and Tunis) by Decree of January 7, 1915.

Acetole.	Aspirine.
Acide acétique et ses médicaments.	Atropine.
Acide nitrique.	Batiments à voiles, à vapeur ou à moteur à explosion.
Acide salicylique.	Bœufs.
Acide sulfurique.	Betteraves destinées à la fabrication du sucre.
Aciers spéciaux.	Beurre (9th January. Export reported to be permitted to United Kingdom and Spain).
Aérodunes et aéronafts et pièces détachées.	Bismuth et ses dérivés.
Agres et appareaux de navires.	Bois de construction.
Alcool allylique méthylique et éthylique.	Bois de fusil.
Alumine anhydre et hydratée et sels d'acide.	Bois de noyer brut, équarré ou scié.
Antimoniun minéral et métal pur ou allié.	Bonnettes de laine (voile laine).
Antipyrine.	Bourrette de soie en masse ou peignée et bâches de soie en masse ou peignées à l'exception des tussals, fils de courroie et de bâches de soie non teintes,
Appareils de télégraphie.	
Armes de guerre de toutes sortes.	

tissus de bourettes et de boussettes de soie pure non teinte ou imprimee, ni appretees.	Grasises animales autres que de poissons (sauf, saindoux, lanoline, margarine).
Bra's de resines etoppanes essence de terebenthine.	Huiles de can et de palghore.
Brome et bromures.	Huiles minerales, brutes, raffinees, essences et lourdes (benzine, benzol, toluene, etc).
Cacao, chocolat.	Iode, iodures et iodoforite
Cafeine.	Jute fils et sacs
Camphre	Laines de toute nature, a l'exception des rognures de chiffons et des aines d'effilochage.
Caoutchouc malate, gutta percha, bruts ou refondus en masse y compris les dechets de caoutchouc et l'ebonite.	Laines peignes ou cardees, teintes ou non; dechets de laines; tissus de laines pour habillement (diaperies et autres); couvertures de laine, bonneterie de laine, objets autres que la ganterie, que les tissus en pieces et que les articles brodes ou ornés.
Carbure de calcium.	Lait concentre pur ou additifne de sucre.
Chanvre broye ou tenu, en etoupes et peigne, chanvre en fils.	Levures.
Charbon de bois.	Lumailles et debris de vieux ouvrages de cuivre, d'etain zinc, pure et allcs.
Claroins pour l'electricite.	Lia brut, tenu, en etoupes et peigne, en fils.
Chevaux, asnes et asnesses males et mulets.	Lorgnettes, autres que de luxe.
Chloral.	Machinas dynamo-electriques.
Chlorates et perchlorates	Machines et appareils frigorifiques.
Chlorotorme.	Machines et parties de mach'nes propres a la navigation, a l'aerostation et a l'aviation
Chlorure de chaux.	Magnesium
Chutes, ferrails et detris de vieux ouvrages de fonte, de fer et d'acier.	Mercure (minera et metal)
Cocaine	Minerais de chrome, de manganese et de tungstene
Collodion.	Minera de fer.
Conserve de viandes en boites, a l'exception des abats et des meanges de viandes et d'autres produits	Morue seche et poisssons de a cote occidentale d'Afrique seches dans des conditions analogues a celles de la morue, a l'exception des morues a dossons de l'Ind.
Cotons et dechets de coton	Nickel mineral ou meta, pur ou allie.
Couvertures de laine (voir laine)	Nitrates et nitrites.
Creosote de bois.	Œufs de volaille
Cuivre, minerais ou metal pur ou allie, chaudronnerie et tubes en cuivres.	Opium et preparations a base d'opium.
Dechets de fils de coton.	Peaux brutes et preparees, a l'exception de celles de chevreau et d'agneau, ainsi que des cuirs secs exotiques.
Eau oxygenee.	Plaques et papiers photographiques.
Ecorce de quinquina.	Platine.
Effects d'habillement, de camping, d'équipement et de brenachement militaires.	Piomb mineral et metal pur ou allie, tuyaux de plomb.
Etain, mineral et metal pur ou allie.	Potassiu, potasse et sels de potasse
Ethers sulfureux et acetique.	Poudres et explosifs assimiles (coton, poudre coton nitre, nitro-glycerine, filini coton, etc).
Farineux alimentaires de toutes sortes, a l'exception du millet, des marrons, chataignes et leurs farines, du pain de gluten et des pommes de terre de semence en caissettes.	Projeciles et autres munitions de guerre
Ferro-chromic, ferro-niroke et tous alliages ferro-metalliques.	Pyramidalon
Fils de laine.	Quinine et ses sels.
Fils et cables isolés pour l'electricite.	Sel magne, sel de saine et sel grecque, bruts ou raffines.
Formol	
Fourrages, foin, paille.	
Fruits et graines oleagineux	
Glycerine	
Goudron nime, a.e. produits chimiques derivees.	
Graines a consommer (legumineuses, grainees, fourrageres et autres graines y compris la gousse).	

Sels de thorium, de cerium et autres sels de terres rares	Tourteaux de graines oleagineuses et d'herbes pouvant servir à la nourriture du bétail
Son	Viandes tranchées et viandes conservées par un procédé froid ou froid
Soude caustique	Voitures automobiles, tracteurs de tous systèmes, pneumatiques et tous objets, bruts ou fabriqués, de l'artillerie navale et militaire ou de transport
Soufre et pyrites	Zinc, minerai ou métal pur ou allié
Sables bruts, raffinés et candés.	
Sulfonal	
Teinture dérivée du goudron de houille alcaline, aniline	
Theophylline	
Tissus propres à la confection des bâtons.	

SWITZERLAND

List of articles the export of which is prohibited.

Acid, acetic crude or purified, having an empyreumatic odour [see Tariff No. 1051]	Booymakers' glue.
Acid, acetic, ether (containing more than 12 per cent of acetic acid, see Vinegar).	Bran (see Forage)
Acids. - Nitro acid mixture of nitric acid with sulphuric or muriatic acid [Tariff No. 1634] hydrochloric (mineral) acid [Tariff No. 1035], sulphuric acid, sulphuric acid dissolved in water or compressed, also liquefied [Tariff No. 1036], chlorosulphuric acid (sulphuric hydrochloride), oil of vitriol (fuming sulphuric acid) [Tariff No. 1037], tannic acid, gallic acid, etc [Tariff No. 1054].	Briquettes (see Fuel)
Alcohol	Cables, electric see Electric Cables.
Aluminium and alloys thereof, raw, or in sheets, bars, plate, wire, etc. [Tariff Nos. 862-865.]	Calcium nitrate calcium nitrate
Ammunition explosive substances and pyrotechnic articles (articles pyrogéniques)	Candles, tallow and wax of all kinds, with the exception of those used for Christmas trees [Tariff Nos. 1135-1136]
Antimony, native sulphide of antimony). [Tariff No. 876]	Carbon, retort [see Tariff No. 645]
Arms and their component parts.	Carbontinum (raw) [Tariff No. 629.]
Artificial manures	Catechu including gambier kino [Tariff No. 936.]
Bags (sacks and jute issues for making sainé).	Cattle (horned, sheep and goats)
Benzine (petrol).	Cicory roots fresh and dried, roasted figs. [Tariff No. 57.]
Binoculars, lenticular and prismatic. [Tariff No. 946]	Cocolate [Tariff No. 64.]
Blankets (woollen)	Clthing for soldiers (see Military equipment)
Bones and bone dust	Coal and coke (see Fuel).
Boots weighing more than 1,200 grammes the pair (see Military equipment).	Coffee substitutes of all kinds. [Tariff No. 56 and see Tariff No. 163.]
*A decision of the Political Department in force from the 1st February 1915, notifies that the following articles are regarded as coming under the heading 'Medicaments and Disinfectants' in the prohibited export List.	Copophary (purified pine resin). [Tariff No. 989.]
Acetanilide (antifebrine)	Cordage (old and other waste used in the Manufacture of paper [Tariff No. 298.]
Acetone.	Cotton unbleached or bleached)
Acetylsalicylic acid	Disinfectants *
Adrenaline, natural or artificial, and other extracts of the suprarenal glands (suprarenine, paranephrine, epinephrine etc.).	Dogs. Military and police dogs
	Donkeys *
	Agar.
	Aloes.
	Aluminium acetotartarate
	Antipyrine.
	Apomorphine.
	Arecoline and its salts
	Atropine and its salts.

Balsam of Peru, natural or artificial.	Morphine and its salts.
Bismuth and its salts.	Naphthalene.
Bromine and its salts.	Novocain.
Caffeine and its salts.	Opium and powder of opium, extracts, tinctures.
Castor oil.	Paprika.
Chloroform for narcosis.	Paraffin, solid or liquid.
Cinchona bark.	Paraformaldehyde.
Citric acid.	Permanganate of potash.
Cocaine and its salts and combinations.	Phenacetin.
Codeine and its salts.	Phenol (carbolic acid), pure.
Collodion.	Quinine, hydrochlorate and sulphate.
Cresol and soapy solutions thereof.	Rhubarb root.
Diethylmalonyl urea and its salts, veronal.	Salicylic acid and salicylate of soda.
Dimethylaminobenzylpyrine, pyramidine.	Salol.
Dionine.	Saltpetre.
Ergot of rye.	Salvarsan, neosalvarsan.
Formaline (formaldehyde, formic aldehyde, formol), liquid.	Santonin.
Glycerine, pure.	Scopolamine (hyoscine).
Heroine.	Semen contra.
Iodine and its salts.	Sulphate of copper.
Ipodoform.	Sulphuric ether, pure or unrefined.
Ipecacuanha root.	Tannin.
Lanoline (wood grease).	Tartaric acid.
Mastic.	Theobromine and its salts and combinations.
Mercury and its salts.	Tropacocaine and its combinations.
	Vaseline.

Medicaments and disinfectants other than those specified above are allowed to be exported until further notice.

Electric batteries.	Gambier (see Catechu).
Electric cables of all kinds and insulated electric wires: of copper, pure or alloyed. [Tariff Nos. 823 to 828.]	Girders (iron).
Equipment (military) (see Military equipment).	Gloves, winter (see Military equipment).
Explosives.	Glue (shoemakers').
Fats and oils, vegetable and animal, used in Industry. [Tariff Nos. 1115-1121.]	Grape residue (see Forage).
Fats and oils of all kinds, prepared for lubricating purposes. [Tariff No. 1132.]	Greases (see Fats).
Ferrochrome, ferrromanganese, ferrotungsten—raw. [Tariff No. 710.]	Gum solution.
Firewood. (See Fuel.)	Gunstocks.
Foodstuffs (<i>denrees alimentaires</i>), except the following:—Fresh milk, fresh fish, sugared goods, confectionery, pastry, unsugared breadstuffs, mineral waters, beverages, specialities (such as Maggi's sauces, tomato puree, children's farinaceous foods, ovo-maltine), manufactured tobacco.	Harness (articles of equipment for horses, mules and donkeys).
Forage of all kinds (hay, bran, grape and fruit residue, etc.)	Hay (see Forage).
Fuel of all kinds (coal, coke, briquettes, lignite, firewood, etc.)	Hides and skins.
Gallic acid, tannic acid, etc., [Tariff No. 1054.]	Horses.
	Hydrochloric acid. [Tariff No. 1085.]
	India-rubber and substitutes thereof.
	Insulating rubber.
	Iron (scrap) ("fer (ferraille)").
	Iron girders and rails.
	Iron or steel wire of every description.
	Jute tissues for the manufacture of sacks.
	Kaolin. [Tariff No. 639.]
	Kino; catechu, including gambier. [Tariff No. 286.]
	Lead and alloys thereof, whether raw or in sheets, disks, bars, wire, plates, etc. [ex Category XI C. of the Tariff.]
	Lead nitrate and nitrite of. [Tariff No. 1006.]

Leather, unworked, of all kinds; and leather cut out for men's boots.	Protoxide of nitrogen (laughing gas), compressed also liquid. [Tariff No. 1017.]
Leather parts (cut out or completed) for military equipment and harness.	Provisions (<i>denrees alimentaires</i>) (see Foodstuffs).
Lignite (see Fuel).	Pyrites (sulphur iron). [Tariff No. 707.]
Litter of all kinds.	Pyrolignite of lime [ex Tariff No. 1021.]
Mannies (artificial).	Rag pulp. [Tariff No. 289.]
Medicaments * (except serums and vaccines).	Rag (cotton and linen); old cordage and other wastes used in the manufacture of paper; waste paper. [Tariff No. 268.]
Microphones (see Telephone apparatus).	Resin (purified pine resin—colophony). [Tariff No. 989.]
Military equipment (clothing and articles of equipment for soldiers, such as underclothes, winter gloves, stocking, men's boots weighing more than 1,200 grammes the pair).	Resinous oils (see Mineral oils).
Minerals oils, tar oils, and resinous oils (petrol, petroleum, petroleum residues, naphtha, turpentine, etc.).	Retort carbon [ex Tariff No. 645.]
Motor-cars, component parts of, such as chassis, bodies, etc. [Tariff Nos. 913 b and 914 b.]	Rubber (raw) and its substitutes.
Motors (petrol) for automobiles. [Tariff Nos. 896—898, ex M. 5.]	Rubber—Wares of soft rubber, even combined with other materials, with the exception of elastic tissues [ex Category VII H. of the Tariff.]
Mules.	Sacks, and jute tissues for making them.
Munitions of war (see Ammunition).	Saltpetre (unrefined). [Tariff No. 163] (see also Nitrates).
Muriatic (hydrochloric) acid. [Tariff No. 1035]	Sanitary materials (excluding medical and surgical instruments, apparatus, and utensils).
Naphtha.	Scrap-iron.
Nickel and its alloys, whether raw or in sheets, bars, plates, wire, etc. [Tariff Nos. 859—860.]	Searchlights.
Nitrate and nitrite of lead. [Tariff No. 1006.]	Seeds.
Nitrates, such as:—saltpetre (nitrate of potash), Chile saltpetre (nitrate of soda), nitrate of calcium. [Tariff No. 1020.]	Ships and vehicles, with or without motors, to carry persons or merchandise (excluding bicycles).
Nitric acid; mixtures (with sulphuric or hydrochloric acid). [Tariff No. 1034.]	Shoeing material for horses, mules, and donkeys.
Nitrites, such as:—nitrite of soda, nitrite of calcium. [Tariff No. 1026.]	Shoemakers' glue.
Oil of vitriol (fuming sulphuric acid). [Tariff No. 1037.]	Skins and hides.
Oils and fats, vegetable and animal, used in industry. [Tariff Nos. 1115—1121.]	Soaps of all kinds. [Tariff Nos. 1141—1142.]
Oils and fats of all kinds, prepared for lubricating purposes. [Tariff No. 1132.]	Soda.
Oils (minerals, tar, resinous).	Soda, nitrate of (Chile saltpetre) (see Nitrates); nitrite of (see Nitrites).
Petrol.	Starch and starch powder.
Petroleum and petroleum residues.	Steel of iron wire.
Pitch of coal tar [ex Tariff No. 991.]	Stockings (see Military equipment).
Pneumatic or solid rubber tyres for vehicles and cycles.	Straw.
Potash, nitrate of (saltpetre) (see Nitrates).	Sulphur.
Poultry.	Sulphur iron (pyrites). [Tariff No. 707.]
Products of all kinds used in laundry washing. [Tariff Nos. 1138—1139.]	Sulphuric acid. [Tariff No. 1036].
	Sulphuric acid, fuming (oil of vitriol). [Tariff No. 1037].
	Sulphurous acid dissolved in water or compressed, also liquefied. [Tariff No. 1036].
	Tan, tan bark. [Tariff No. 225].
	Tannic acid, gallic acid, etc. [Tariff No. 1054].
	Tanning extracts, liquid or solid. [Tariff No. 1055].

Tar.	Waste used in the manufacture of paper waste paper. [Tariff No. 288].
Tar oils. (See Mineral oils.)	Wire (iron or steel).
Telephone apparatus and component parts, especially microphones, field telephones; insulating rubber.	Wires, electric (see Electric cables).
Tin and alloys thereot, whether raw or in sheets, disks, bars, wire, plates, etc. [See Category XI E. of the Tariff].	Wood (fuel).
Tinplate in sheets and cut up [See Tariff Nos. 731 and 788 b].	Wood, walnut.
Tyres of rubber, pneumatic or solid, for vehicles and cycles.	Wool.
Turpentine (oil of).	Wool, combed.
Underclothing (see Military equipment).	Wool, artificial. [Tariff No. 458].
Vehicles (see Ships).	Wool waste, combings. [Tariff No. 456].
Vinegar, acetic acid and essence of vinegar—containing more than 12 per cent. of pure acetic acid. (Tariff No. 131).	Woollen blankets.
	Woollen yarns, tissues, and articles (of pure or mixed wool).
	Zinc and alloys thereot, whether raw or in sheets, disks, bars, wire, plates, etc. [See Category XI D. of the Tariff].

NOTES.

1. The Federal Council reserves to itself the right to authorise exceptions to the above prohibitions.
2. Notwithstanding the prohibition of export, prohibited goods may be sent in transit through Switzerland in sealed wagons.
3. The *importation* of cereals, (wheat, spelt, barley, rye, oats, maize), of the products resulting from the grinding thereof, including forage meal and bran, as also of all concentrated forage necessary for the feeding of cattle is reserved exclusively to the Confederation. *The re-exportation of such products is absolutely prohibited.* *Decree of 7th January, 1915.*

GREECE.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

21st January 1915.

Animals.	Coal (except bunker coal).
Arms, <i>viz.</i> —Rifles, carbines, bayonets, and cartridges of the following systems:—	Field glasses.
Mannlicher-Schonauer, Bulgarian Mannlicher, Turkish Mauser, Gras, Martini, Martini-Mauser; revolvers and cartridges of the 1873 and 1893 patterns, Bayard, Colt; sabres of artillery drivers and cavalry.	Flour.
Benzine (petrol).*	Gold in bars and gold coins.
Cartridge cases in general for small arms and artillery.	Harness (articles of) for artillery and cavalry.
Cartridges (see Arms).	Petrol (benzine).*
Cereals.	Petroleum. [†]
	Revolvers (see Arms).
	Rifles (see Arms).
	Sabres (see Arms).
	Sugar.
	Telephone apparatus.
	Wool.
	Woollen yarns. (Tariff No. 175.)

* This includes motor spirit.

† Petroleum is a Government monopoly, and there is no trade in it.

ROUMANIA.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

9th February 1915.

Acid, sulphuric.	Motor cars, motor lorries, and all other vehicles.
Antimony.	Motor cycles.
Bandages of all descriptions, such as cotton wool, gauze, etc.	Motor accessories (rubber tyres and the like).
Beans. (See Foodstuffs.)	Oats.
Bicycles.	Petroleum residues.
Boots, Shoes, etc. (footwear.)	Petroleum, raw.
Cables, telegraphic.	Pharmaceutical manufactures and products.
Carts and carriages, and all other vehicles.	Pick-axes.
Coal.	Plates (iron, etc.) of all descriptions.
Copper and wares thereof. (See Metals.)	Radio-telegraphic stations, apparatus, etc.
Flour and meal (except maize meal.) (See Foodstuffs.)	Rags of all kinds of textiles.
Foodstuffs of animal or vegetable origin, sunflower seeds, wheat and flour and meal of all kinds (except maize meal), beans.	Sacks, sacking, and material for making the same.
Footwear.	Sacks, filled with grain, or sacking for covering trucks.
Forage of all descriptions.	Shovels.
Galvanized wire, whether barbed or not.	Sulphuric acid.
Gold coins of all descriptions (however packed).	Sunflower seeds. (See Foodstuffs.)
Hides and skins of all kinds, tanned or otherwise.	Surgical instruments.
Horses, oxen and all other draught animals.	Telegraphic apparatus and telegraphic cables.
Iron and wares thereof. (See Metals.)	Telephones.
Lead and wares thereof. (See Metals.)	Tin and wares thereof. (See Metals.)
Leather goods of all descriptions.	Transport animals of all kinds (horses, oxen).
Mats, rush.	Tyres for motors. (See Motor accessories.)
Meal, with the exception of maize meal.	Wheat. (See Foodstuffs.)
Metals: metals in a raw state, or rolled; with the exception of old iron; sheet metal of all kinds; and all metal wares.	Wool.
	Zinc and wares thereof. (See Metals.)

NOTES.

The transport of military stores through Roumania is prohibited.

The transit through Romania of goods of which the exportation is prohibited is permitted only under special authorisation of the Ministry of Finance, each case being decided on its merits.

Exceptions to prohibitions of export can be obtained in special cases, such cases being decided on their merits.